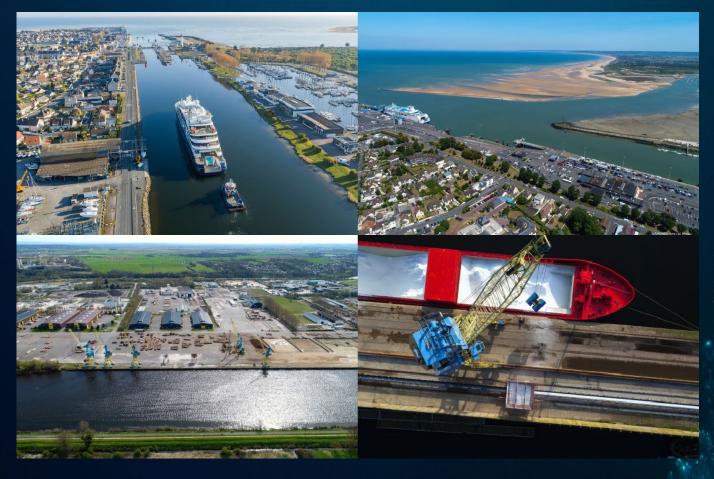


Port Dues Tariffs 2023 PORT OF CAEN-OUISTREHAM



PORT DUES

In the Commercial Port of CAEN-OUISTREHAM

Established in accordance with Volume III of the Code of Transport

TARIFF No. 49

Applicable on 1 January 2023

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SECTION I

SHIP DUES

Payable to the Syndicat Mixte Régional Ports of Normandy

ARTICLE 1 – Levy conditions for dues

1.1 - Dues in **euro per cubic metre (m**³) are levied on every merchant ship based on the geometric volume of the ship as calculated in accordance with Article R.5321-20 of the Code of Transport, according to the following provisions, as shown in the following table:

SHIP TYPES AND CATEGORIES	ENTRY **	EXIT **
1. OCEAN LINERS	0.0733	0.0733
2. FERRIES		
Monohull	0.0354	0.0354
Multihull	0.0287	0.0287
3. SHIPS CARRYING LIQUID HYDROCARBONS		
Bunker barges	0.0000	0.0000
• Other	0.2535	0.2136
4. SHIPS CARRYING LIQUEFIED GASES	0.2535	0.2136
5. SHIPS CARRYING MAINLY BULK LIQUID CARGO OTHER THAN HYDROCARBONS	0.1850	0.1336
6. SHIPS CARRYING BULK SOLID CARGO	0.3290	0.3290
7. REFRIGERATED OR MULTIPURPOSE REFRIGERATED SHIPS	0.2386	0.1521
8. ROLL-ON/ROLL-OFF CARGO SHIPS		
 Ships carrying mainly new or used vehicles, trailers (accompanied or unaccompanied), Mafis 	0.0805	0.0805
• Other	0.1625	0.1625
9. CONTAINER SHIPS	0.0905	0.0905
10. BARGE CARRIERS	0.2387	0.2387
11. HOVERCRAFTS AND AIRBOATS	0.0504	0.0504
12. SHIPS OTHER THAN THOSE LISTED ABOVE		
 Offshore installation and cable laying vessels: barges, jack-up barges, etc. 	0.3086	0.2387
• Other	0.3086	0.1664

** in accordance with the provisions laid down in paragraph 1 of Article R. 5321-23 of the Code of Transport

1.2 - (Not applicable)

- 1.3 If the same ship disembarks or tranships passengers or cargo successively in different zones of the port, it shall be subject to ship dues only once, in whichever of these zones where the rate is the highest. The type of ship, as well as the adjustments and reductions to which it is entitled, are determined by considering all the landing or transhipment operations carried out by that ship in the port.
- 1.4 When a ship does not land or tranship¹ passengers or cargo, and boards neither passengers nor cargo, ship dues are paid only once.
- 1.5 Ship dues are paid only once, when the ship departs:
 - if the ship does not carry out any commercial operations;
 - if the ship only carried out bunkering, refuelling, or unloading operations for ship-generated waste and cargo residues. In this case, the dues are set at €0.0057 per m³.
- 1.6 In accordance with Article R. 5321-22 of the Code of Transport, ship dues do not apply to the following:
 - support ships, notably those assigned to piloting, towage, mooring and rescue operations in the port of Caen-Ouistreham;
 - ships assigned to recover waste and combat pollution in the port of Caen-Ouistreham;
 - vessels assigned to carry out maintenance dredging, maritime signalling, firefighting and administrative services in the port of Caen-Ouistreham;
 - ships making compulsory entry into port and not carrying out any commercial operations;
 - ships, which, while unable to access a port facility are forced to carry out their landing, boarding or transhipment outside the port;
 - vessels assigned to cultural or humanitarian missions or missions of general interest for maritime heritage.
- 1.7 In accordance with the provisions of Article R. 5321-51 of the Code of Transport:
 - The minimum charge for port dues is set at **€26.61**.
 - The payment threshold for port dues is set at €13,30.

ARTICLE 2: Provisions on adjustments according to real load ratio, depending on the ship's capacity in carrying out its primary activity, by ship type and category, in accordance with the provisions of subparagraphs I, II, III of Article R.5321-24 of the Code of Transport.

2.1 - Adjustments applicable to all types of passenger ships shall be determined on the basis of the relationship between the number of passengers disembarked, embarked or transhipped and the ship's passenger-carrying capacity under the following conditions:

Ratio less than or equal to	2/3	Adjustment	-10%
Ratio less than or equal to	1/2	Adjustment	-30%
Ratio less than or equal to	1/4	Adjustment	-50%
Ratio less than or equal to	1/8	Adjustment	-60%
Ratio less than or equal to	1/20	Adjustment	-70%
Ratio less than or equal to	1/50	Adjustment	-80%
Ratio less than or equal to	1/100	Adjustment	-95%

2.2 – Adjustments applicable to ships carrying cargo are determined according to the ratio between the tonnage of the landed, loaded or transhipped cargo and the volume (V) of the ship, as calculated in accordance with Article R.5321-20 of the Code of Transport.

For type 2 ships - Ferries carrying cargo; if the number of tonnes of loaded, landed or transhipped cargo and the volume (V) of the ship as calculated in accordance with the aforementioned Article R.5321-20, is equal to or less than the following rate, dues for entry or exit are adjusted according to the following proportions:

Ratio less than or equal to:		1/40	Adjustment	-60%
2/15Adjustmer	nt -10%	1/100	Adjustment	-70%
1/10Adjustmer	nt -30%	1/250	Adjustment	-80%
1/20Adjustmer	nt -50%	1/500	Adjustment	-95%

For other types of ships that are carrying cargo; when the number of tonnes of cargo loaded, landed or transhipped and the volume (V) of the ship as calculated in accordance with the aforementioned Article R.5321-20, is equal to or less than the following rate, dues for entry or exit are adjusted by the following amounts:

Ratio less than or equal to:

1/5	. Adiustment - 10 %	1/20	.Adiustment - 60 %
2/15	. Adjustment - 20 %	1/40	Adjustment - 70 %
1/10	Adjustment - 40 %	1/100	Adjustment - 80 %

2.3 – On the basis of Article R.5321-24 of the Code of Transport, ships not carrying out bunkering or refuelling operations, or discharging ship-generated waste and cargo residues, are excluded from the adjustments.

ARTICLE 3: Provisions on adjustments according to call frequency in accordance with Section V of Article R.5321-24 of the Code of Transport.

3.1 - For ships with regular routes open to the public according to a predetermined itinerary and schedule, dues for each ship type are subject to the following reductions, calculated on the basis of the number of departures for a route by the same company during the calendar year:

For a regular route making	1 to 5 port calls per year:	No reduction.
For a regular route making	6 to 10 port calls per year:	7.5% reduction on all movements.
For a regular route making	11 to 16 port calls per year:	15% reduction on all movements.
For a regular route making	17 to 140 port calls per year:	22.5% reduction on all movements.
For a regular route making	141 to 200 port calls per year:	40% reduction on all movements.
For a regular route making i	more than 200 port calls per year:	68% reduction on all movements.

These reductions also apply to ships with dedicated cargo routes regularly serving the port of Caen-Ouistreham, the characteristics of which are established by the Port Authority in Appendix 1.

For routes meeting the reduction criteria in the previous year, the reductions are automatically renewed at the beginning of the current year.

3.2 - For ships which, although not on regular routes, usually frequent the same port, dues per ship type shall be subject to the following reductions, according to ship type and number of departures during the calendar year:

3.2.1 - For ocean liners and cruise ships (Type 1 ships) :

For the 1st departure	No reduction
From the 2nd to 3rd departure, incl	25% reduction
After the 4th departure.	

When the same shipowner or cruise operator has several of their ships call in the port of Caen-Ouistreham in the same year, reductions are calculated for all ships belonging to this shipowner or cruise operator. For ships having met the reduction criteria in the previous year, reductions are automatically renewed at the beginning of the current year.

3.2.2 – For all other ship types:

3.3 – The reductions as provided for in this article may not be combined with those mentioned in Article 2. Where the liable entity also meets the conditions of Article 2, it shall receive the most favourable treatment.

ARTICLE 4: Provisions on additional reduction as provided for in Article R.5321-25 of the Code of Transport

Reductions as provided for in Articles 2 and 3 may be accompanied by an additional reduction for new traffic or new intra-Community passenger, cargo on trailers (RORO) or container lines; however, it may not exceed 50% of the base to which it applies, or a duration of two years.

In accordance with these provisions, and based on market analysis, a certificate issued by PdN shall set the amount and duration of the reduction within these limits.

ARTICLE 5: Provisions on adjustment possibilities as provided for in Article R.5321-27 of the Code of Transport

Ship dues are adjusted up to 30% of the base rate, depending on the number of calls during the period or periods as set out by the port authority under the following conditions:

(Not applicable)

ARTICLE 6: Provisions on flat rates as provided for in Article R.5321-28 of the Code of Transport

6.1 - Ships which, under a new relationship, transport passengers, cargo on trailers (RORO) or containers between the Member States of the European Union or of the States Parties to the Agreement on the European Economic Area are subject to the following, for a period not exceeding 3 years:

- Either a flat rate for the ship, which is set for the entirety of their activity, for a specified period, and paid on a pro rata temporis basis by maturities of not more than 3 months;
- Or a flat rate for the ship, which is set per unit per passenger, trailer, tonne or multiple tonnes, or container and applicable in accordance with the provisions of Articles R.5321-18 and R.5321-23 of the Code of Transport.

6.2 - The application conditions for this Article are as follows:

(Not applicable)

SECTION II

CARGO DUES

Payable to the Syndicat Mixte Régional Ports of Normandy

ARTICLE 7: Levy conditions for cargo dues as provided for in Articles R.5321-30 to R.5321-33 of the Code of Transport

7.1 - Dues on cargo unloaded, loaded or transhipped in the port(s) of Caen-Ouistreham are levied either by weight or by unit, as determined in accordance with NST 2007 Code, as follows:

I – Dues by gross weight (€ per tonne)

Labelling	Unloading and transhipment (*)	Loading
For packages less than 50 tonnes and bulk cargo		
01.1 Cereals	0.5455	0.5455
01.2 Potatoes	0.4457	0.4457
01.3 Sugar beets	0.4457	0.4457
01.4 Other fresh fruits and vegetables	0.4457	0.4457
01.5 Forestry and logging products	0.5549	0.5549
01.6 Live plants and flowers	0.4457	0.4457
01.71 Materials of vegetable origin - Dried, raw chillies and peppers (Capsicum spp.)	0.4457	0.4457
01.72 Cotton, ginned or not carded nor combed	0.4457	0.4457
01.73 Flax, jute, raw or retted hemp and raw textile plants n.e.c.	0.4457	0.4457
01.74 Raw natural rubber	0.4457	0.4457
01.75 Coffee, cocoa, tea, mate, spices not crushed nor ground	0.4457	0.4457
01.76 Raw tobacco	0.4457	0.4457
01.77 Hops	0.4457	0.4457
01.78 Straw, hay, cereal bales - Forage plants	0.4457	0.4457
01.79 Oleaginous seeds and fruits	0.6376	0.6376
01.7A Other vegetable substances n.e.c.	0.6376	0.6376
01.9 Raw cow's, sheep's and goat's milk	0.4457	0.4457
01.A Other raw materials of animal origin	0.4457	0.4457
01.B Fishery and aquaculture products	0.4457	0.4457
02.1 Coal and lignite	0.3194	0.1107
02.2 Crude oil	0.3265	0.1507
02.3 Natural gas	0.5012	0.2445
03.1 lron ores	0.3194	0.1507
03.2 Non-ferrous metal ores (excluding uranium and thorium)	0.3194	0.1507
03.31 Non-roasted iron pyrites; raw or unrefined sulphur	0.3194	0.1507
03.32 Crude natural phosphates	0.3194	0.1507
03.33 Sylvinite	0.3194	0.1507
03.34 Other minerals, crude - Chemical industry and natural fertilisers	0.3194	0.1507
03.4 Salt	0.3194	0.1507
03.51 Peat	0.3194	0.1507
03.52 Natural sands - Pumice, stones, gravel, flint and pebbles	0.1665	0.1507
03.53 Clay and clay soil	0.3194	0.1507
03.54 Slag, not for remelting, ash, dross - Other minerals	0.3194	0.1507

03.55 Dolomites, crushed limestone for concreting - Pellets, chipping, stone powder	0.3194	0.1507
03.56 Chalk	0.3194	0.1507
03.57 Soils and stones - Natural bitumen and asphalt - Rough gems and diamonds	0.3194	0.1507
04.1 Meat, hide and meat products	0.6374	0.2731
04.2 Fish and fish products, Fish and fish products, prepared	0.63743	0.2731
04.3 Prepared fruit and vegetable products	0.6374	0.2731
04.4 Oils, oil cake and fats	0.5526	0.2731
04.5 Dairy products and ice cream	0.6374	0.2731
04.6 Flours, processed cereals, starch products and animal feed	0.6374	0.2731
04.7 Beverages	0.6374	0.2731
04.8 Other food products n.e.c. and manufactured tobacco	0.6374	0.2731
04.9 Miscellaneous food products	0.6374	0.2731
05.1 Textile industry products	1.5954	07920
05.2 Clothing and furs	1.5954	0.7920
05.3 Leather, travel goods, footwear	1.5954	0.7920
06.1 Woodworking and cork products (excluding furniture)	0.6374	0.2731
06.2 Pulp, paper and paperboard	0.6374	0.2731
06.3 Publishing products, printed or reproduced products	1.5954	0.7920
07.1 Cokes and tars; agglomerates and similar solid fuels	0.4211	0.1507
07.2 Liquid refined petroleum products	0.4211	0.1507
07.3 Gaseous refined petroleum products, Gaseous refined petroleum products, liquefied	0.4211	0.1507
07.4 Refined petroleum products, solids or pastes	0.4211	0.1507
08.1 Basic mineral chemicals	0.4455	0.1507
08.2 Basic organic chemicals	0.4455	0.1507
08.3 Nitrogen compounds and fertilisers (excluding natural fertilisers)	0.4455	0.1507
08.4 Basic plastics and primary synthetic rubber	1.1372	0.5548
08.5 Pharmaceutical and parachemical products, including pesticides	1.1372	0.5548
08.6 Rubber or plastic products	1.1372	0.5548
09.1 Glass, glassware, ceramic products	1.5960	0.7914
09.2 Cements, lime and plaster	0.4211	0.1507
09.3 Other constructions materials, manufactured	0.4211	0.1507
10.1 Iron and steel products and steel processing products (excluding tubes and pipes)	0.3194	0.1507
10.2 Non-ferrous metals and by-products	0.5526	0.3194
10.3 Tubes and pipes	0.5526	0.3194
10.4 Structural metal products	1.8050	1.8050
10.5 Boilers, hardware, weapons and ammunition, and other metal items	1.8050	1.8050
11.1 Agricultural machinery	0.0000	0.0000
11.2 Domestic appliances n.e.c. (white household appliances)	1.8050	1.8050
11.3 Office machinery and computing hardware	1.8050	1.8050
11.4 Electrical machinery and apparatus n.e.c.	1.8050	1.8050
11.5 Electronic components and emission and transmission apparatus	1.8050	1.8050
11.6 Sound and image receiving, recording or reproducing apparatus	1.8050	1.8050
11.7 Medical, precision, optical and horological instruments	1.8050	1.8050
11.8 Other machines, machine tools and parts	1.8050	1.8050
12.1 Automotive industry products	1.8050	1.8050

12.2 Other transport equipment	1.8050	1.8050
13.1 Furniture	1.8050	1.8050
13.2 Other manufactured articles	1.8050	1.8050
14.1 Household waste and road waste	0.3194	0.1507
14.2 Other waste and secondary raw materials	0.3194	0.1507
16.2 Pallets and other packaging in service, empty	0.3194	0.1507
17.1 Removals furniture	1.8050	1.8050
17.4 Scaffolding	1.8050	1.8050
17.5 Other non-market goods, n.e.c.	1.8050	1.8050
19.1 Goods of an indeterminate nature in containers and swap bodies	0.0000	0.0000
19.2 Other goods of an indeterminate nature	1.8050	1.8050
20. Other goods	1.8050	1.8050
For packages greater than or equal to 50 tonnes ¹		
NST Code from 01 to 20 – Packages between 50 and 149,999 tonnes	2.1836	2.1836
NST Code from 01 to 20 – Packages between 150 and 299,999 tonnes	2.7300	2.7300
NST Code from 01 to 20 – Packages greater than or equal to 300,000 tonnes	5.459	5.459

¹ Any indivisible object weighing 50 tons or more and which can only be handled as a whole, that is, in one go. Cargo dues for a unit package greater than or equal to 50 t is equal to its weight multiplied by the rate (in euros per tonne) of the category to which it belongs. Thus, cargo dues for a package weighing 75 tonnes will be worth 75* 2.1838 = €163.67.

II - DUES PER UNIT **

(In euros per unit or multiple units)

LIVE ANIMALS	AMOUNT
- D'UN POIDS INFERIEUR A 10 KG	0.1599 0.3498
- D'UN POIDS SUPERIEUR OU EGAL A 10 KG ET INFERIEUR A 100 KG	0.6311
- D'UN POIDS SUPERIEUR OU EGAL A 100 KG	0.0011

DESCRIPTION OF CARGO	UNLOADING	LOADING OR TRANSHIPMENT
VEHICLES NOT SUBJECT TO COMMERCIAL TRANSACTIONS		
- TWO-WHEELED VEHICLES	0.0000	0
- PASSENGER CARS	0.0000	0
- COACHES	0.0000	0
- LORRIES OF A TOTAL UNLADEN WEIGHT LESS THAN 5 TONNES (1)	0,0000	0
- LORRIES OF A TOTAL UNLADEN WEIGHT OVER OR EQUAL TO 5 TONNES (1)	0,0000	0
FULL LORRIES, TRAILERS OR SEM-TRAILERS, CONTAINERS OR SWAP BODIES HANDLED BY		
RORO ON MAFIS OR ROAD CHASSIS(1)		
- LENGTH LESS THAN 8 METRES	0	0
- LENGTH OVER OR EQUAL TO 8 METRES AND LESS THAN 13 METRES	0	0
- LENGTH OVER OR EQUAL TO 13 METRES AND LESS THAN 16 METRES	0	0
- LENGTH OVER OR EQUAL TO 16 METRES	0	0
FULL CONTAINERS		
- LENGTH OVER OR EQUAL TO 3 METRES AND LESS THAN 6 METRES	6.36	0
- LENGTH OVER OR EQUAL TO 6 METRES AND LESS THAN 8 METRES	7.42	0
- LENGTH OVER OR EQUAL TO 8 METRES AND LESS THAN 10 METRES	10.60	0
- LENGTH OVER 10 METRES	12.72	0

(1) This flat rate replaces the taxation of cargo transported according to the category to which they belong.

(*) This tariff applies to dockside operations. Direct transhipment operations are exempt, even when using port equipment.

** In accordance with the provisions laid down in Article R. 5321-31 of the Code of Transport.

ARTICLE 8: Conditions for payment of dues in the table of Article 7

- 8.1 For each declaration, the dues set out in Table 1 of Article 7 of this tariff shall be levied on the total weight of the cargo belonging to the same category.
 - a) They are paid:
 - By the tonne, when the weight is greater than 900 kg;
 - By the quintal, when this weight is equal to or less than 900 kg.

Any fraction of a tonne or quintal is counted as one unit.

The payment of dues by the quintal is equal to one tenth of the payment of dues per tonne

- b) Subject to exemptions applicable to frames, containers and pallet boxes, packaging shall, in principle, be charged at the same rate as the merchandise contained therein. However, where a declaration relates to merchandise belonging to more than one category, all packaging is automatically classified in the dominant category by weight.
- 8.2 Declarations must indicate the total gross weight and taxable weight per category for cargo subject to dues by gross weight, and must indicate a number for goods, vehicles or containers subject to dues by unit.

In support of each declaration for goods belonging to more than one category, the declaring party must attach a summary slip showing the weight or number per declared item and per category. This slip must be dated and signed by the declaring party.

8.3 – If all goods are subject to the same declaration by weight, the declaring party may request that they be subject as a whole to the rate applicable to the highest part. In that case, no summary slip is required; the declaration must simply mention the overall weight of all declared goods.

The absence of a summary slip is tantamount to the declaring party's acceptance of the simplified payment; no subsequent request for revision on the basis of the charge by category will be accepted.

- 8.4 In accordance with the provisions of Article R. 5321-51 of the Code of Transport:
 - The minimum charge is set at €5.35 € per declaration.
 - The threshold charge is set at **€5.35 €** per declaration.
- 8.5 Cargo dues are not payable in the cases listed in Article R.5321-33 of the Code of Transport. This includes products delivered for refuelling, rigging or fitting-out of ships as well as miscellaneous items belonging to the crews.

SECTION III

PASSENGER DUES

Payable to the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Caen Normandie, concessionaire of the commercial port of Caen-Ouistreham

ARTICLE 9: Levy conditions for passenger dues as provided for in Articles R.5321-34 to R.5321-36 of the Code of Transport.

- 9.1 Disembarked, embarked and transhipped passengers are subject to dues of €2.23 per passenger
- 9.2 The following are exempt from passenger dues:
 - children under four years of age
 - military personnel travelling as a unit
 - crew members
 - shipowner's agents travelling for operational reasons and provided with a free travel pass
 - public officials carrying out on-board duties.
- 9.3 Provisions on reductions up to 50% are as follows:
 - 50% for passengers disembarking only temporarily during the call
 - 50% for trippers with a return ticket used within 72 hours
 - 50% for transhipped passengers.

SECTION IV

SHIP BERTHING DUES

Payable to the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Caen Normandie, concessionaire of the commercial port of Caen-Ouistreham

ARTICLE 10: Levy conditions for berthing dues as provided for in Article R.5321-29 of the Code of Transport.

10.1 - Ships or similar floating vessels, including active fishing vessels, lacking specific dues as provided for in Chapter 8 of the equipment dues schedule, shall be subject to berthing dues, the euro rates of which shall be set under the following conditions:

Merchant ships staying in the port of Caen-Ouistreham are subject to berthing dues set on the basis of the geometric volume of the ship, calculated as indicated in Article R.5321-20-3 of the Code of Transport, by applying the rates indicated in the table below, in euros, per cubic metre and per day beyond the grace period.

Volume fraction	Rate in euros
- The first 3,000 cubic metres	0.0177
- Between 3,001 and 15,000 cubic metres	0.01600
- Between 15,001 and 45,000 cubic metres	0.0138
- Above 45,001 cubic metres	0.1007

Dues apply to active merchant ships, including those making compulsory entry into port.

Dues are not collected during landing, loading and transhipment operations. Ships benefit from a two-day grace period before or after commercial operations. The length of stay is calculated on the basis of calendar days.

Dues do not apply to decommissioned, overwintering and/or inactive ships; these are subject to berthing dues as laid out by the equipment tariff of the port of Caen-Ouistreham.

10.2 - Berthing dues shall be borne by the shipowner.

The minimum charge is set at €8.1786€ per ship, and the threshold charge is set at €4.0893 per ship.

- 10.3 The following are exempt from berthing dues:
 - warships
 - service vessels belonging to State administrations
 - vessels assigned to piloting and towage with Caen-Ouistreham as their home port.
- 10.4 After the grace period, berthing dues are payable on the last day of each calendar month and upon the ship's departure.

SECTION V

SHIP-GENERATED WASTE DUES

Payable to the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Caen Normandie, concessionaire of the commercial port of Caen-Ouistreham

ARTICLE 11:

I. - In the port of Caen-Ouistreham, dues are levied on all commercial vessels, fishing vessels and pleasure craft for shipgenerated waste as defined in Article L. 5334-7 of the French Transport Code. For pleasure and watersports craft, the shipgenerated waste dues stipulated in Article R. 5321-1 of the Transport Code are only levied when the costs of receiving and disposing of the waste from these ships are not already covered by another charge or fee.

In marinas, waste disposal dues for ships other than those licensed for 12 passengers will be collected directly by the port authority, in accordance with Article R. 5321-50-1 of the Transport Code.

These dues are payable by the shipowner or, in the case of pleasure craft, by its proprietor or skipper. They are calculated either on the volume V of the ship, expressed as indicated in Article R. 5321-20 of the Transport Code, or on a flat-rate basis according to the following terms: €0.015 per m³, irrespective of ship type.

II. – When ship-generated waste is delivered in accordance with the provisions of the Port of Caen-Ouistreham waste collection and processing plan, the service provider(s) performing the waste collection service mentioned in Article R. 5334-5 of the Transport Code issue a waste delivery receipt to the ship's captain or to the captain's representative. Before the ship leaves the port or as soon as the receipt is received electronically, the captain or the captain's representative transmits the information on the receipt to the authority responsible for port policing.

Dues are payable on each port call irrespective of whether the ship delivers its waste or not. These so-called indirect dues cover the indirect administrative costs and all or part of the direct operating costs for at least 30% of the total annual direct costs corresponding to the actual delivery of waste in the previous year; taking into account the costs related to the predicted volume of traffic for the coming year is possible.

Depending on the delivery receipts transmitted, case a or b below applies to the ship. The port authority informs the customs service, as applicable.

a. If the ship has not transmitted a waste delivery receipt: where the shipowner or its representative has not provided a waste delivery receipt, waste dues are levied in accordance with Article L. 5321-3 of the Transport Code.

b. If the ship has transmitted a waste delivery receipt: where the shipowner or its representative has provided a waste delivery receipt, and where the service has been provided by the port, waste dues are payable to the bodies mentioned in Article R. 5321-16 of the Transport Code. These bodies reimburse the collector for the costs covered by the dues relating to the collection and disposal of the waste. Direct operating costs not included in the dues, and which would have been billed directly by the collector to the ship, are not concerned. Where the shipowner or its representative has provided a waste delivery receipt, and where the collection service has been performed by an outside service provider who has billed the ship directly for the service, dues may be paid back to the ship on leaving the port to avoid duplicate billing. In some cases, a sum corresponding to the port's administrative costs may be deducted. These terms may be specified in the waste collection and processing plan of the port concerned, and are determined by the port authority with the consent of the customs service.

III – Reduced and differentiated dues Not applicable

IV. - Increased dues

The schedule of port charges may provide for a 10% increase in waste dues where ships fail to comply with the waste delivery procedure according to the provisions of Article L. 5336-1-4 of the Transport Code.

V- The ship-generated waste dues, defined in section I above, do not apply to the following:

- engaged in assistance to ships, especially for pilotage, towing, mooring and rescue work
- ships engaged in waste recovery and pollution control
- ships engaged in maintenance dredging, maritime signalling, fire-fighting operations and administrative services;
- ships making a forced call not engaging in any commercial operations
- ships with no access to port facilities, forced to perform their unloading, loading or transshipment operations outside the port
- warships and ships operated by the State for non-commercial purposes
- ships undergoing repair.

VI - In application of the provisions of Article R. 5321-51 of the Code of Transport:

- The minimum charge is set at €10.00
- The threshold charge is set at €5.00

VII- Exemption from dues as provided for in Article R.5321-39-V of the Code of Transport (optional provision): Ships making regular and frequent calls, according to a prearranged itinerary and schedule, not delivering their operational waste in the port, are exempt from dues, if the ship's captain can demonstrate that they hold either a delivery certificate or a contract for the delivery of the ship's operational waste and provide proof of payment of relevant dues, such certificate or contract having been drawn up in a port of a Member State of the European Union located along the ship's effective route. This certificate must be validated by the port authorities of that port.

The beneficiary of port dues shall provide a list of exempt ships to the customs administration.

ARTICLE 12: This tariff enters into force under the conditions set out in Article R.5321-14 of the Code of Transport.

15/16

1 – Criteria for a specialised cargo shipping route

These are determined by Ports of Normandy, the Port Authority, in accordance with the general provisions of the Code of Transport (Article R.5321-26). These provisions are as follows:

A shipping route is deemed to be specialised when it features a diverse maritime freight service for diverse goods provided by category 8 (horizontal handling), 9 (container ship) and 12 (other ships) ships organised by a single shipowner or charterer according to an itinerary and a timetable that are set in advance:

Setting the itinerary:

Ships on the route follow a well-established trajectory.

Compliance with the itinerary:

Arrival and departure dates for ships in the various ports along the route must be announced to the port of Caen-Ouistreham with sufficient notice.

2 - Procedures for requesting a specialised shipping route:

The shipping agent for the route, or their broker, submits a request in writing to the Port Authority for consideration of his service as a specialised route, substantiating how this route meets the three above-mentioned criteria. This request is to include the type of cargo being transported, the name of the service, the name and contact information of the shipowner, the various ports assigned to the route, the names of the ships assigned to the line, the number of intended calls, as well as a departure schedule. Details of all calls made in the port of CAEN-OUISTREAM over the last 6 months (list of ships and dates of calls) are also to be included in the request.

<u>3- Announcement of ships belonging to a specialised shipping route recognised as such:</u>

When the shipping route has been recognised as specialised, any modification of the fleet of ships that provide the service, or of the route's structure (call frequency, ports of call, service provided to customers, etc.) must be reported in a timely manner to the Port Authority.